

# COUNTRY PROFILE

PREPARED BY M/CIO ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND DATA SERVICES (EADS)

## MACEDONIA

November 2016

**Subregion** South-Eastern Europe  
**Income group** Upper middle income

### PEOPLE

Population (millions) <sup>1</sup>	2.08 (2015)	2.08 (2030)
Urban <sup>2</sup>	57% (2015)	61% (2030)
Rural <sup>2</sup>	43% (2015)	39% (2030)
Population growth <sup>1</sup> (annual)	0.1% (2015)	-0.2% (2030)
Human Development Index rank <sup>3</sup>	81/188 High human development	
Languages <sup>19</sup>	Macedonian (official) 66.5%, Albanian (official) 25.1%, Turkish 3.5%, Roma 1.9%, Serbian 1.2%, other 1.8% (2002 est.)	
Religion <sup>19</sup>	Macedonian Orthodox 64.8%, Muslim 33.3%, other Christian 0.4%, other and unspecified 1.5% (2002 est.)	
Ethnic composition <sup>19</sup>	Macedonian 64.2%, Albanian 25.2%, Turkish 3.9%, Roma (Gypsy) 2.7%, Serb 1.8%, other 2.2% (2002 est.)	

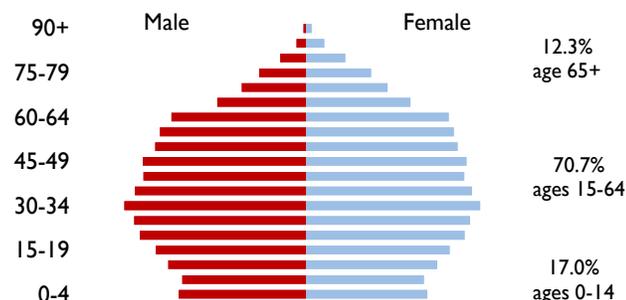
### GOVERNMENT

Capital <sup>19</sup>	Skopje
Government type <sup>19</sup>	Parliamentary republic
Head of State <sup>19</sup>	President Gjorge IVANOV (since 12 May 2009)
Head of Govt <sup>19</sup>	Interim Prime Minister Emil DIMITRIEV (since 18 January 2016)
Legislature <sup>19</sup>	Unicameral Assembly or Sobranie
Females in Parliament <sup>4</sup>	33% (2015)
Corruption Perceptions Index rank <sup>5</sup>	66/167 (2015)
Land area (sq km) <sup>7</sup>	25,220 (The size of Maryland)

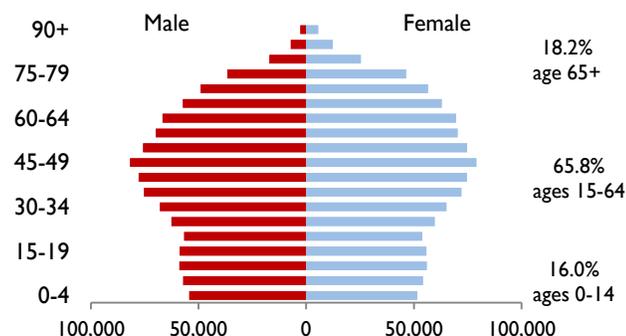
### OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

From all donors (US\$ millions, net) <sup>8</sup>	\$210.8 (2014)
as % of income <sup>7</sup>	1.96% (2014)
per capita <sup>18</sup>	\$101.5 (2014)
From U.S. (US\$ millions) <sup>8</sup>	\$22.6 (2014)

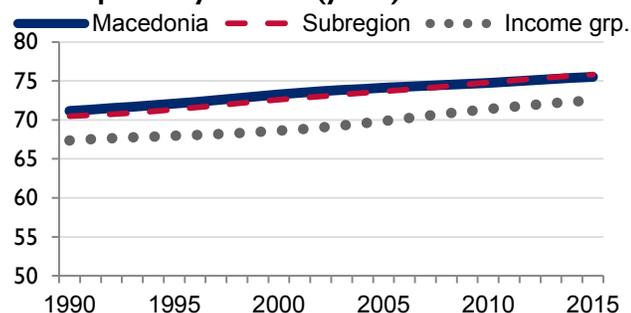
### 2015 population<sup>1</sup>



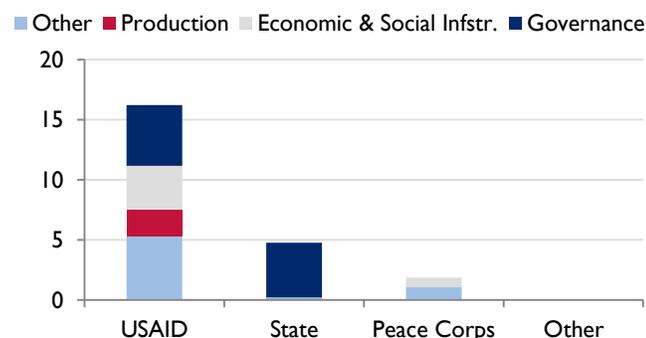
### 2030 population<sup>1</sup>



### Life expectancy at birth (years)<sup>1</sup>



### U.S. ODA by agency (US\$ millions, gross), 2014<sup>18</sup>



Prepared by M/CIO's Economic Analysis and Data Services (EADS) with data from the International Data and Economic Analysis website (<https://idea.usaid.gov/>). **DISCLAIMER:** The views expressed in this publication do not necessarily reflect the views of the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) or the United States Government.

**EDUCATION**

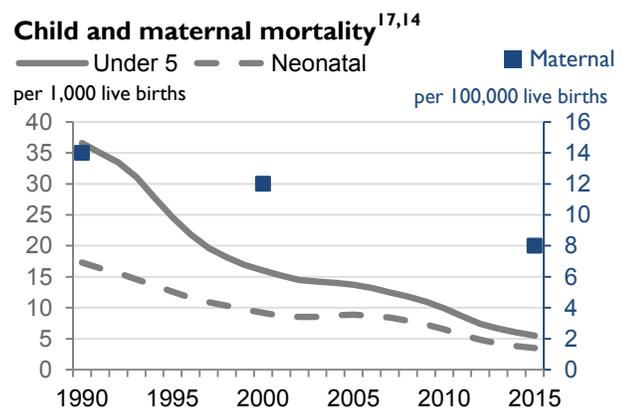
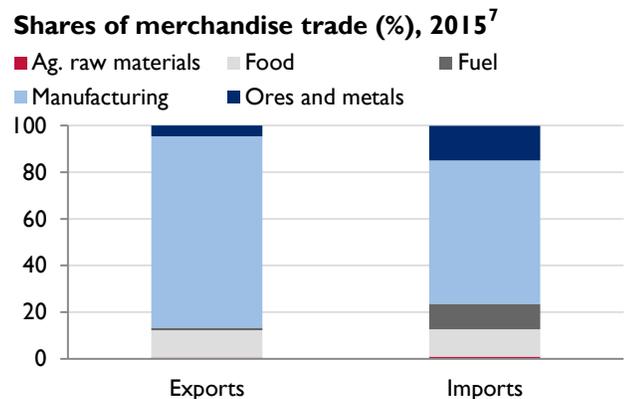
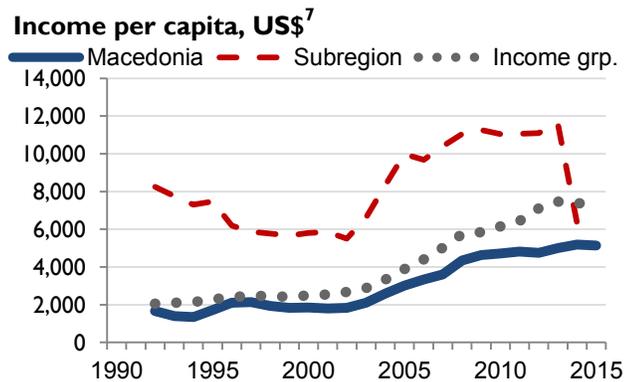
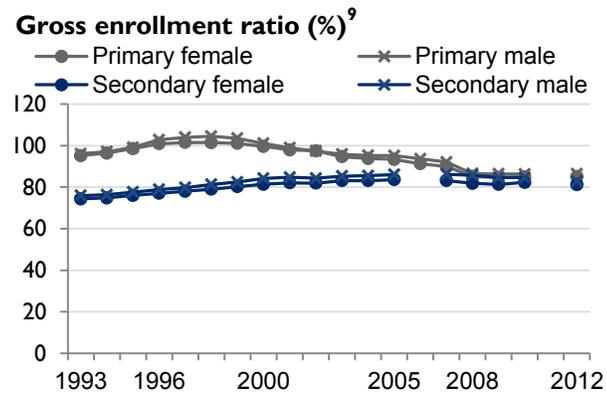
Completion rate, primary gross <sup>7</sup>	89.9%	(2009)
Female completion rate <sup>7</sup>	89.0%	(2009)
Male completion rate <sup>7</sup>	90.7%	(2009)
Pupil-teacher ratio, primary <sup>9</sup>	15	(2012)
Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary <sup>9</sup>	10	(2012)
Public education expenditure (% of GDP) <sup>9</sup>	3.1%	(2002)
Youth literacy rate (ages 15-24) <sup>7</sup>	99%	(2015)
Children out of school, primary <sup>7</sup>	14,644	(2012)
Of which, female <sup>7</sup>	52%	(2012)
Of which, male <sup>7</sup>	48%	(2012)

**ECONOMY**

GDP (US\$ millions) <sup>7</sup>	\$10,086	(2015)
GDP growth (annual %) <sup>7</sup>	3.7%	(2015)
10-year average <sup>7</sup>	3.2%	(2015)
Merchandise exports (US\$ millions) <sup>10</sup>	\$5,145	(2015)
Merchandise imports (US\$ millions) <sup>10</sup>	\$6,550	(2015)
Percent of population living under \$1.90/day <sup>7</sup>	1.3%	(2008)
Share of income going to the poorest 20% <sup>11</sup>	5%	(2013)
OECD average <sup>11</sup>	8%	(2013)
Share of income going to the richest 20% <sup>11</sup>	49%	(2013)
OECD average <sup>11</sup>	42%	(2013)
Youth unemployment (ages 15-24) <sup>7</sup>	50.8%	(2014)
Annual inflation <sup>12</sup>	-0.2%	(2015)

**HEALTH**

Prevalence of HIV (ages 15-49) <sup>13</sup>	n/a
Antiretroviral coverage (% of adults 15+ meeting WHO guidelines) <sup>7</sup>	n/a
Prevalence of TB (per 100,000 population) <sup>14</sup>	20 (2014)
Prevalence of stunting (% of children under 5) <sup>15</sup>	n/a
DPT3 immunization rate (children aged one) <sup>15</sup>	n/a
Fertility rate (children per woman) <sup>15</sup>	n/a
Modern contraceptive prevalence <sup>15</sup>	n/a
Births attended by skilled health worker <sup>15</sup>	n/a
Improved water source (% of population) <sup>4</sup>	99% (2015)
Public health expenditure (% of GDP) <sup>16</sup>	4% (2014)



SOURCES: <sup>1</sup>UN, World Population Prospects; <sup>2</sup>UN, World Urbanization Prospects; <sup>3</sup>UNDP, Human Development Report; <sup>4</sup>UN, Millennium Development Goals Indicators; <sup>5</sup>Transparency International, Corruption Perceptions Index and Bribe Payers Index; <sup>6</sup>Mo Ibrahim Foundation, Index of African Governance; <sup>7</sup>World Bank, World Development Indicators; <sup>8</sup>OECD/DAC, Destination of Official Development Assistance and Official Aid - Disbursements (Table 2a); <sup>9</sup>UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) Database; <sup>10</sup>IMF, Direction of Trade Statistics; <sup>11</sup>Population Reference Bureau, World Population Data Sheet; <sup>12</sup>IMF, World Economic Outlook Database; <sup>13</sup>UNAIDS, Report on the Global HIV/AIDS Epidemic; <sup>14</sup>WHO, World Health Statistics; <sup>15</sup>Demographic and Health Surveys, STATcompiler; <sup>16</sup>WHO, Global Health Expenditure Database; <sup>17</sup>UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation, Child Mortality Estimates; <sup>18</sup>OECD/DAC, Creditor Reporting System (CRS++); <sup>19</sup>CIA, World Factbook; World Bank, Country and Lending Groups.