

# COUNTRY PROFILE

PREPARED BY M/CIO ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND DATA SERVICES (EADS)

## MOROCCO

November 2016

|                     |                     |  |
|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| <b>Subregion</b>    | North Africa        |  |
| <b>Income group</b> | Lower middle income |  |

### PEOPLE

|   |  |              |
|---|--|--------------|
| Population (millions) <sup>1</sup>        | 34.38 (2015)   | 39.79 (2030) |
| Urban <sup>2</sup>                        | 60% (2015)   | 67% (2030)   |
| Rural <sup>2</sup>                        | 40% (2015)   | 33% (2030)   |
| Population growth <sup>1</sup> (annual)   | 1.3% (2015)  | 0.7% (2030)  |
| Human Development Index rank <sup>3</sup> | 126/188<br>Medium human development  |              |
| Languages <sup>19</sup>                   | Arabic (official), Berber languages (Tamazight (official), Tachelhit, Tarifit), French (often the language of business, government, and diplomacy) |              |
| Religion <sup>19</sup>                    | Muslim 99% (official; virtually all Sunni, <0.1% Shia), other 1% (includes Christian, Jewish, and Baha'i); note - Jewish about 6,000 (2010 est.)   |              |
| Ethnic composition <sup>19</sup>          | Arab-Berber 99%, other 1%  |              |

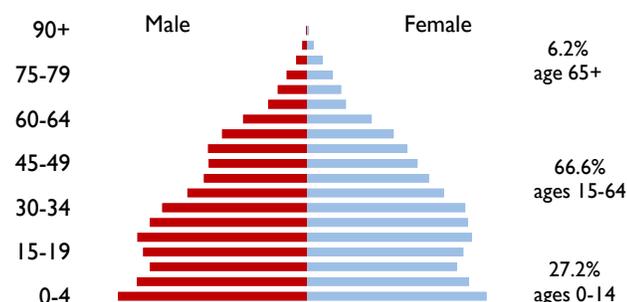
### GOVERNMENT

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Capital <sup>19</sup>                          | Rabat   |
| Government type <sup>19</sup>                  | Parliamentary constitutional monarchy   |
| Head of State <sup>19</sup>                    | King MOHAMMED VI (since 30 July 1999)   |
| Head of Govt <sup>19</sup>                     | Prime Minister Abdelillah BENKIRANE (since 29 November 2011)                                |
| Legislature <sup>19</sup>                      | Bicameral Parliament consists of the Chamber of Advisors and the Chamber of Representatives |
| Females in Parliament <sup>4</sup>             | 17% (2015)  |
| Corruption Perceptions Index rank <sup>5</sup> | 88/167 (2015)   |
| Ibrahim Index rank <sup>6</sup>                | 14/54 (2015)  |
| Land area (sq km) <sup>7</sup>                 | 446,300 (The size of California)  |

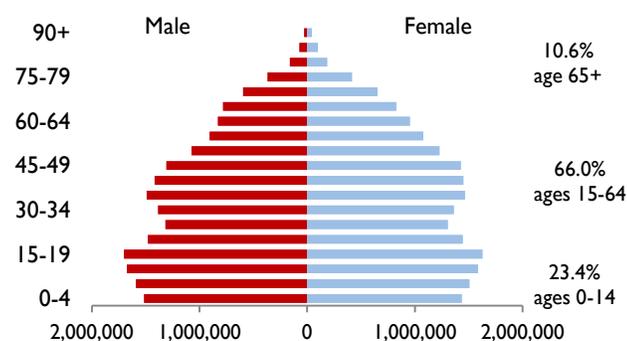
### OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

|   |                  |
|---|------------------|
| From all donors (US\$ millions, net) <sup>8</sup> | \$2,247.0 (2014) |
| as % of income <sup>7</sup>                       | 2.12% (2014)     |
| per capita <sup>18</sup>                          | \$66.2 (2014)    |
| From U.S. (US\$ millions) <sup>8</sup>            | \$9.2 (2014)     |

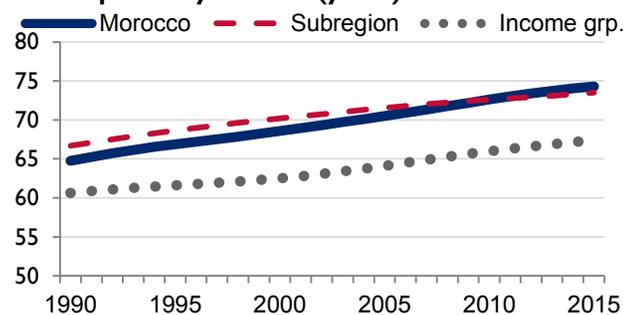
### 2015 population<sup>1</sup>



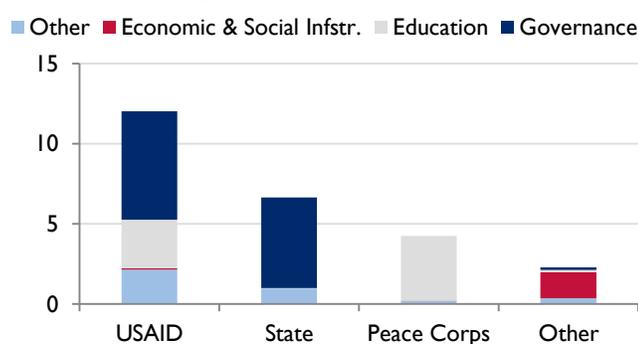
### 2030 population<sup>1</sup>



### Life expectancy at birth (years)<sup>1</sup>



### U.S. ODA by agency (US\$ millions, gross), 2014<sup>18</sup>



Prepared by M/CIO's Economic Analysis and Data Services (EADS) with data from the International Data and Economic Analysis website (<https://idea.usaid.gov/>). DISCLAIMER: The views expressed in this publication do not necessarily reflect the views of the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) or the United States Government.

**EDUCATION**

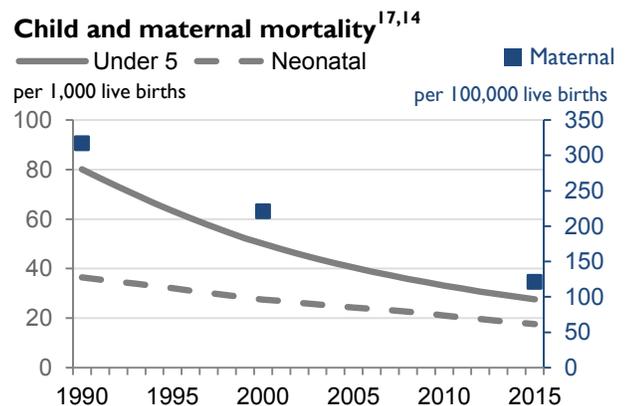
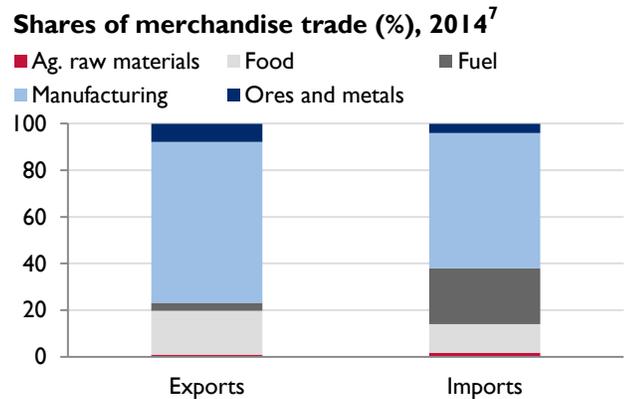
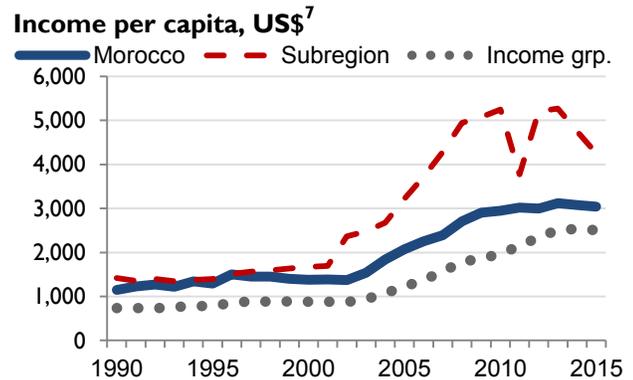
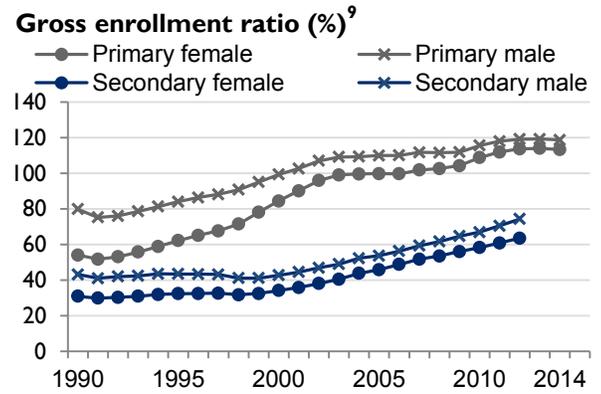
|  |               |
|--|---------------|
| Completion rate, primary gross <sup>7</sup>          | 101.7% (2014) |
| Female completion rate <sup>7</sup>                  | 100.9% (2014) |
| Male completion rate <sup>7</sup>                    | 102.6% (2014) |
| Pupil-teacher ratio, primary <sup>9</sup>            | 26 (2014)     |
| Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary <sup>9</sup>          | 19 (2004)     |
| Public education expenditure (% of GDP) <sup>9</sup> | n/a           |
| Youth literacy rate (ages 15-24) <sup>7</sup>        | 95% (2015)    |
| Children out of school, primary <sup>7</sup>         | 37,369 (2014) |
| Of which, female <sup>7</sup>                        | 54% (2014)    |
| Of which, male <sup>7</sup>                          | 46% (2014)    |

**ECONOMY**

|  |                  |
|--|------------------|
| GDP (US\$ millions) <sup>7</sup>                           | \$100,360 (2015) |
| GDP growth (annual %) <sup>7</sup>                         | 4.4% (2015)      |
| 10-year average <sup>7</sup>                               | 4.5% (2015)      |
| Merchandise exports (US\$ millions) <sup>10</sup>          | \$21,768 (2015)  |
| Merchandise imports (US\$ millions) <sup>10</sup>          | \$39,071 (2015)  |
| Percent of population living under \$1.90/day <sup>7</sup> | 3.1% (2006)      |
| Share of income going to the poorest 20% <sup>11</sup>     | 7% (2013)        |
| OECD average <sup>11</sup>                                 | 8% (2013)        |
| Share of income going to the richest 20% <sup>11</sup>     | 48% (2013)       |
| OECD average <sup>11</sup>                                 | 42% (2013)       |
| Youth unemployment (ages 15-24) <sup>7</sup>               | 20.2% (2014)     |
| Annual inflation <sup>12</sup>                             | 1.5% (2015)      |

**HEALTH**

|   |             |
|---|-------------|
| Prevalence of HIV (ages 15-49) <sup>13</sup>                                  | 0.1% (2015) |
| Antiretroviral coverage (% of adults 15+ meeting WHO guidelines) <sup>7</sup> | 37% (2015)  |
| Prevalence of TB (per 100,000 population) <sup>14</sup>                       | 137 (2014)  |
| Prevalence of stunting (% of children under 5) <sup>15</sup>                  | 22% (2003)  |
| DPT3 immunization rate (children aged one) <sup>15</sup>                      | 95% (2003)  |
| Fertility rate (children per woman) <sup>15</sup>                             | 2.5 (2003)  |
| Modern contraceptive prevalence <sup>15</sup>                                 | 29% (2003)  |
| Births attended by skilled health worker <sup>15</sup>                        | 63% (2003)  |
| Improved water source (% of population) <sup>4</sup>                          | 85% (2015)  |
| Public health expenditure (% of GDP) <sup>16</sup>                            | 2% (2014)   |



SOURCES: <sup>1</sup>UN, World Population Prospects; <sup>2</sup>UN, World Urbanization Prospects; <sup>3</sup>UNDP, Human Development Report; <sup>4</sup>UN, Millennium Development Goals Indicators; <sup>5</sup>Transparency International, Corruption Perceptions Index and Bribe Payers Index; <sup>6</sup>Mo Ibrahim Foundation, Index of African Governance; <sup>7</sup>World Bank, World Development Indicators; <sup>8</sup>OECD/DAC, Destination of Official Development Assistance and Official Aid - Disbursements (Table 2a); <sup>9</sup>UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) Database; <sup>10</sup>IMF, Direction of Trade Statistics; <sup>11</sup>Population Reference Bureau, World Population Data Sheet; <sup>12</sup>IMF, World Economic Outlook Database; <sup>13</sup>UNAIDS, Report on the Global HIV/AIDS Epidemic; <sup>14</sup>WHO, World Health Statistics; <sup>15</sup>Demographic and Health Surveys, STATcompiler; <sup>16</sup>WHO, Global Health Expenditure Database; <sup>17</sup>UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation, Child Mortality Estimates; <sup>18</sup>OECD/DAC, Creditor Reporting System (CRS++); <sup>19</sup>CIA, World Factbook; World Bank, Country and Lending Groups.